

# Work Sheets

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## Part I - Find Gross Income Eligibility

**A. Gross monthly earned income** \$\_\_\_\_\_ (A)  
(households with elderly or disabled members are **not** subject to this test)

**B. Add other income** + \$\_\_\_\_\_ (B)  
(TANF, GA, social security, etc.)

**C. Gross monthly income** = \$\_\_\_\_\_ (C)

If gross monthly income is higher than figure on chart, the household is ineligible:

HH size:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	+1
<b>Maximum gross income</b>	1,107	1,484	1,861	2,238	2,615	2,992	3,369	3,476	+377

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## Part II - Find Net Income

- D. Gross monthly earned income** (from A) \$\_\_\_\_\_ (A)
- E. Subtract earned income deduction** (20% of A) - \$\_\_\_\_\_ (E)
- F. Net earned income** = \$\_\_\_\_\_ (F)
- G. Add other income** (welfare, unemployment, ...) + \$\_\_\_\_\_
- = \$\_\_\_\_\_ (G)
- H. Subtract \$134 standard deduction** - \$\_\_\_\_\_ 134 (H)
- I. Subtract dependent care costs** (up to \$175 per child over age 2; up to \$200 if under age 2) - \$\_\_\_\_\_ (I)
- J. Subtract child support payments** - \$\_\_\_\_\_ (J)
- K. Subtract monthly medical costs** (over \$35 for any elderly or disabled household member) - \$\_\_\_\_\_ (K)
- L. Adjusted income** = \$\_\_\_\_\_ (L)
- M. Find excess shelter costs -** (rent + utilities OR rent + standard utility allowance (SUA); if homeless, enter \$143) \$\_\_\_\_\_ (M)
- N. Telephone costs** (zero, unless no utility costs and not claiming homeless deduction; if so, enter \$20) \$\_\_\_\_\_ (N)

**O. Total shelter costs** (add M + N) = \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (O)

**P. ½ of adjusted income** (L) = \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (P)

**Q. Excess shelter costs** (subtract P from O) \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (Q)

Use the difference between P and O, or \$417, whichever is smaller. Elderly or disabled households can use full difference. If homeless, line Q = \$143.

**R. Monthly net income** = \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (R)

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**Part III - Find Amount of Food Stamps**

**S. Compare the monthly income total to the chart.**

If net monthly income is higher than figure on chart, the household is ineligible:

HH size:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	+1
<b>Maximum net income</b>	851	1,141	1,431	1,721	2,011	2,301	2,591	2,881	+290

T. Multiply the household's net income (O) by 0.3 \$\_\_\_\_\_ (T)

U. Round up to the next dollar to find adjusted income \$\_\_\_\_\_ (U)

V. Subtract adjusted income (U) from the figures in the chart below: \$\_\_\_\_\_ (V)

HH size:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	+1
<b>Maximum monthly allotment</b>	162	298	426	542	643	772	853	975	+122

W. If the number of people in the household is three or more, and (V) is \$1, \$3 or \$5, round up to \$2, \$4 or \$6 \$\_\_\_\_\_ (W)

X. If the number of people in the household is one or two, the household is entitled to at least \$10 of food stamps. If the adjusted income is greater than the maximum food stamp amount, the allotment is \$10. If (V) is less than \$10, the allotment is \$10. \$\_\_\_\_\_ (X)

Y. **Monthly food stamp allotment** \$\_\_\_\_\_ (Y)

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**Part IV - Pro-rate the First Month's Food Stamps**

**Z.** Take the number your state uses to pro-rate food stamps. (This is either 31 or 1 + the number of days in the month) \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (Z)

**AA.** Subtract the day of the month the household applied - \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
= \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (AA)

**AB.** Divide (AA) by 30 ÷ \_\_\_\_\_ 30  
= \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (AB)

**AC.** Multiply the result in (AB) by the household's monthly food stamp allotment in (Y) x \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (Y)  
= \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (AC)

**AD.** Unrounded first month's food stamp allotment = \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (AD)

Round down to next whole dollar to find the first month's food stamp allotment. If the rounded amount is less than \$10, the household gets no allotment for the first month.